Green Roofs

Green roofs, also called vegetated roofs or eco-roofs, are plants in a special soil mix installed on a rooftop over a waterproof membrane.

There are 2 kinds of green roofs:

Intensive green roofs with lightweight soil mix of 8 or more inches feature larger plants and are often park-like with paths and seating.

Extensive green roofs have only 2 to 6 inches of soil mix and have lower growing, drought-tolerant plantings.

× 0.7sf green factor



Seattle's City Hall—all of Seattle's new civic buildings must be LEED certified and have become innovative examples of green practices.





Far Left: Green roof adjacent to the WaMu Center offers great views of downtown Seattle. (photo by by Brice Maryman) Left: Planting the Justice Center's green roof. Below: Ballard Library's unique roof.



Green Roofs can:

- extend the life of roofing materials by blocking ultraviolet radiation and moderating temperature extremes
- slow stormwater runoff
- reduce building heating and cooling costs
- cool and clean the air
- provide habitat and attractive greenery in urban environments